Covered Bond ReportGeneral Capital Centre, Q2 2014

Published 27 August 2014 • Data per 30 June 2014



General information:

Issuer: DLR Kredit A/S, Denmark
Issuer type: Specialized mortgage bank
Cover pool: General Capital Centre, RO
Cover pool setup: Single cover pool

Link to cover pool IR website: http://www.dlr.dk/cover-pool-reports

Homepage: http://www.dlr.dk/welcome-investorpage

Format of transparency template: Excel, pdf

Frequency of updates: Quarterly



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Table A. General Issuer Detail

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Key information regarding issuers' balance sheet

			Q3 2013
	,	,	141,3
,	,	,	134,6
			134,6
			12,3%
,	13,6%	,	12,3%
136,7	151,7	185,2	154,1
0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
6,0	6,0	6,0	6,0
18,5	18,6	18,7	19,2
0,0	0,0	0,1	0,0
0,0	0,0	0,0	0,1
134,2	134,2	134,0	134,7
0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1
0,5	0,6	0,6	0,7
133,6	133,5	133,3	133,9
101,0	100,5	99,1	99,0
33,2	33,7	34,9	35,7
			-
			-
24,2	24,2	24,2	24,2
109,3	109,4	109,1	109,8
0,7	0,7	0,7	0,7
134,2	134,2	134,0	134,7
1,7	1,7	2,1	2,6
0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4
	6,0 18,5 0,0 0,0 0,0 134,2 0,1 0,5 133,6 101,0 33,2 24,2 109,3 0,7 134,2	141,4 141,4 134,1 134,2 134,1 134,2 134,1 134,2 13,6% 12,8% 13,6% 136,7 151,7 0,0 0,0 6,0 6,0 18,5 18,6 0,0 0,0 0,0 0,0 0,0 0,0 0,0 0,0 0,0 134,2 134,2 134,2 134,2 134,2 134,2 134,2 134,2 134,2 134,2 134,2 134,2 134,2 1,7 1,7	141,4 141,4 146,9 134,1 134,2 133,9 134,1 134,2 133,9 12,8% 13,6% 12,3% 12,8% 13,6% 12,3% 136,7 151,7 185,2 0,0 0,0 0,0 6,0 6,0 6,0 6,0 6,0 6,0 18,5 18,6 18,7 0,0 0,0 0,1 0,0 0,0 0,0 134,2 134,2 134,0 133,6 133,5 133,3 101,0 100,5 99,1 33,2 33,7 34,9 24,2 24,2 24,2 109,3 109,4 109,1 0,7 0,7 0,7 134,2 134,2 134,0 1,7 1,7 2,1

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Table G1.1 – General cover pool information



DKKbn / Percentage of nominal outstanding CBs		Q2 2014	Q1 2014	Q4 2013	Q3 2013
Nominal cover pool (total value)		22,4	23,4	25,4	26,4
Overcollateralisation after correction for non-eligible assets		1,2	1,5	2,1	2,5
Overcollateralisation ratio	Total (percentage of nominal CBs)	5,9%	6,8%	9,3%	9,5%
	Mandatory (percentage of risk weigted assets, general, by law)	8,0%	8,0%	8,0%	8,0%
Nominal value of outstanding CBs		20,4	22,6	22,6	24,0
	 hereof amount maturing 0-1 day 	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Proceeds from senior secured debt		0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Proceeds from senior unsecured debt		0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Tier 2 capital		0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Additional tier 1 capital (e.g. hybrid core capital)		0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5
Core tier 1 capital invested in gilt-edged securities		0,8	0,8	1,1	1,2
Total capital coverage (rating compliant capital)		1,2	1,5	2,1	2,3

Table G2 – Outstanding CBs

DKKbn / Percentage of nominal outstanding CBs		Q2 2014	Q1 2014	Q4 2013	Q3 2013
Nominal value of outstanding CBs		20,4	22,6	22,6	24,0
Fair value of outstanding CBs (marked value)		21,1	23,3	23,2	24,5
Maturity of issued CBs	0-1 day	-	0,0	0,0	0,0
	1 day - < 1 year	0,0	0,1	0,1	0,0
	1 year	-	0,0	0,0	0,0
	> 1 and ≤ 2 years	0,0	0,1	0,1	0,2
	> 2 and ≤ 3 years	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,0
	> 3 and ≤ 4 years	11,6	12,7	12,7	0,3
	> 4 and ≤ 5 years	0,1	0,1	0,1	12,9
	5-10 years	0,1	0,2	0,2	0,3
	10-20 years	2,2	2,5	2,5	2,8
	> 20 years	6,2	6,8	6,8	7,4
Amortisation profile of issued CBs	Bullet	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
	Annuity	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%
	Serial	0.11%	0.13%	0.13%	0.15%
Interest rate profile of issued CBs	Fixed rate (Fixed rate constant for more than 1 year)	33.9%	37.6%	37.6%	37.7%
	Floating rate (Floating rate constant for less than 1 year)	56.4%	53.5%	53.5%	53.4%
	Capped floating rate	9.66%	8.9%	8.9%	8.9%
Currency denomination profile of issued CBs	DKK	51.3%	55.2%	55.2%	57.3%
	EUR	48.7%	44.8%	44.8%	42.7%
	SEK	-	-	-	-
	CHF	-	-	-	-
	NOK	-	-	-	-
	USD	-	-	-	-
	Other	-	-	-	-
UCITS compliant		100%	100%	100%	100%
CRD compliant		100%	100%	100%	100%
Eligible for central bank repo		100%	100%	100%	100%
Rating	Moody's	-	-	-	-
	S&P	AAA	AAA	AAA	AAA
	Fitch	_	_	_	_

Table G3 – Legal ALM (balance principle) adherence¹

rabio do Edgar AEM (balando principio) adriorendo	Issue adherence
General balance principle	
Specific balance principle	x

¹⁾ Cf. the Danish Executive Order on bond issuance, balance principle and risk management

Table G4 – Additional characteristics of ALM business model for issued CBs

	Issue adher	rence
	Yes	No
One-to-one balance between terms of granted loans and bonds	x	
issued, i.e. daily tap issuance? Pass-through cash flow from borrowers to investors?		
Asset substitution in cover pool allowed?	×	¥

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Property categories are defined according to Danish FSA's AS-reporting form

Reporting date 30-06-2014



Table M1

Numbe	er of loans by propert	ty category												
·							Manufacturing							<u>-</u>
	Owner-occupied		Subsidised	Cooperative			and Manual	Office and			Social and cultura	ıl		
	homes	Holiday houses	Housing	Housing	Pri	ivate rental	Industries	Business		Agriculture	purposes	Other	Total	
Total	1.816	j -		9	111	869	4	9	1.999	12.474		2	7 :	17.336
In %	10%	6 0	%	0%	1%	5%	0:	%	12%	72%	05	% 09	%	100%

Table M2

Lending	g by property catego	ory, DKKbn										
						Manufacturin	g					
	Owner-occupied		Subsidised	Cooperative		and Manual	Office and		Social and c	ultural		
	homes	Holiday houses	Housing	Housing	Private rental	Industries	Business	Agriculture	purposes	Other	Total	
Total	1,	1 -		0,1	0,5	1,3	0,1	2,4	15,3	0,0	0,0	20,9
In %	55	% 0	1%	0%	3%	6%	1%	12%	73%	0%	0%	100%

Table M3

Lending, by loan size, DKKbn

	DKK 0 - 2m	DKK	2 - 5m D	KK 5 - 20m	DKK 20 - 50m	DKK 50 - 100m	> DKK 100m	Total
Tot	al	6,9	4,8	7,9	1,1	0,2	-	20,9
In 9	6	33%	23%	38%	5%	1%	0%	100%

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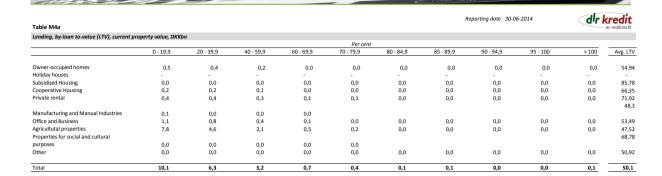


Table M4b)
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Lending, by-loan to-value (LTV), current p	roperty value, per o	cent									
					Per cent						
	0 - 19,9	20 - 39,9	40 - 59,9	60 - 69,9	70 - 79,9	80 - 84,9	85 - 89,9	90 - 94,9	95 - 100	> 100	Avg. LTV
Owner-occupied homes	41,3%	33,5%	18,9%	3,8%	1,4%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,1%	0,3%	54,94
Holiday houses		-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-
Subsidised Housing	29,4%	27,9%	13,9%	6,3%	5,4%	2,6%	2,6%	2,6%	2,6%	6,7%	85,78
Cooperative Housing	37,7%	28,9%	16,4%	6,2%	5,4%	1,6%	1,0%	0,8%	0,6%	1,3%	66,35
Private rental	31,4%	28,1%	22,8%	7,9%	4,8%	1,4%	1,0%	0,9%	0,8%	0,7%	71,92
Manufacturing and Manual Industries	44,7%	36,9%	18,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	48,3
Office and Business	44,2%	33,2%	16,0%	3,4%	1,7%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,1%	0,7%	53,49
Agricultutal properties	51,1%	29,9%	13,9%	3,0%	1,3%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,0%	0,2%	47,52
Properties for social and cultural											
purposes	29,2%	29,2%	29,2%	10,8%	1,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	68,78
Other	57,4%	28,2%	7,3%	1,4%	0,5%	0,2%	0,2%	0,2%	0,2%	4,4%	50,92
Total	48,1%	30,4%	15,1%	3,5%	1,7%	0,4%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,3%	50,1

Table M4c

Table Witc											
Lending, by-loan to-value (LTV), current p	roperty value, DKKL	on ("Sidste krone")									
					Per cent						
	0 - 19,9	20 - 39,9	40 - 59,9	60 - 69,9	70 - 79,9	80 - 84,9	85 - 89,9	90 - 94,9	95 - 100	> 100	Avg. LT
Owner-occupied homes	0,0	0,2	0,4	0,2	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	54,94
Holiday houses	-	-,-	-	-,-		-	-	-	-	-,-	,
Subsidised Housing	-	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	-	-	-	-	0,0	85,78
Cooperative Housing	0,0	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,1	66,35
Private rental	0,0	0,1	0,2	0,3	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,2	71,92
Manufacturing and Manual Industries	0,0	0,0	0,1	0,0	-	-	-	-	-		48,3
Office and Business	0,1	0,6	0,9	0,4	0,3	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,1	53,49
Agricultutal properties	1,7	4,4	4,7	2,0	1,5	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,1	0,1	47,52
Properties for social and cultural											
purposes		-	-	0,0	0,0	-				-	68,78
Other	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0			-	-	-	0,0	50,92
Total	1,9	5,4	6,5	3,0	2,2	0,6	0,4	0,3	0,1	0,5	50,1

Table M4d/B4d

rabic iii-ia/ b-ia											
Lending, by-loan to-value (LTV), current p	roperty value, per c	ent ("Sidste krone")									
					Per cent						
	0 - 19,9	20 - 39,9	40 - 59,9	60 - 69,9	70 - 79,9	80 - 84,9	85 - 89,9	90 - 94,9	95 - 100	> 100	Avg. LT\
Owner-occupied homes	3,1%	17,8%	39,2%	20,7%	12,2%	2,7%	1,3%	0,5%	0,2%	2,3%	54,94
Holiday houses	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-
Subsidised Housing	0,0%	16,4%	16,3%	4,9%	3,1%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	59,2%	85,78
Cooperative Housing	3,4%	19,5%	20,4%	5,2%	13,9%	14,0%	4,7%	4,8%	2,7%	11,5%	66,35
Private rental	1,7%	5,9%	18,8%	21,3%	16,8%	11,4%	5,7%	1,2%	2,3%	14,9%	71,92
Manufacturing and Manual Industries	2,8%	18,0%	44,7%	34,5%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	48,3
Office and Business	4,8%	23,8%	35,7%	16,4%	12,7%	2,3%	0,7%	0,1%	0,1%	3,4%	53,49
Agricultutal properties	11,1%	28,5%	30,8%	13,2%	9,6%	2,1%	1,9%	1,5%	0,4%	0,9%	47,52
Properties for social and cultural											
purposes	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	46,2%	53,8%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	68,78
Other	27,9%	10,4%	45,4%	7,4%	#VÆRDI!	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	9,0%	50,92
Total	9,1%	25,6%	30,9%	14,4%	10,6%	3,0%	2,0%	1,3%	0,6%	2,5%	50,1

Reporting date 30-06-2014



Table M5 - Total

Lending by region, DKKbn

	Greater Copenhagen area (Region	Remaining Zealand & Bornholm	Northern Jutland (Region	Eastern Jutland (Region	Southern Jutland & Funen		
	Hovedstaden)	(Region Sjælland)	Nordjylland)	Midtjylland)	(Region Syddanmark)	Outside Denmark*	Total
Owner-occupied homes	0,1	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,0	1,1
Holiday houses	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	-
Subsidised Housing		0,0	0,0	0,0 .			0,1
Cooperative Housing	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,5
Private rental	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,0	1,3
Manufacturing and Manual							
Industries	0,0	0,0	0,1	0,0	0,0 .		0,1
Office and Business	0,4	0,4	0,3	0,7	0,6	0,0	2,4
Agricultutal properties	0,2	1,2	3,8	4,7	5,3 .		15,3
Properties for social and cultural							
purposes					0,0 .		0,0
Other	•		0,0 .		0,0 .		0,0
Total	0,9	2,1	4,9	6,2	6,8	0,0	20,9

^{*} Contains owner-occupied homes on the Feroe Island, and owner-occupied homes and commercial real estate on Greenland

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Table M6 Lending by loan type - IO Loans, DKKbn

	Owner-occupied						Manufacturing and			Social and cultura	al		
	homes	Holiday houses	Subsid	lised Housing (Cooperative Housing Pr	ivate rental	Manual Industries	Office and Business	Agriculture	purposes	Other	Total	
Index Loans		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Fixed-rate to maturity		0,1	-	-	0,1	0,1	-	0,	1 (0,3	-	-	0,6
Fixed-rate shorter period than													
maturity (ARM's etc.)		=	-	-	=	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
- rate fixed ≤ 1 year		-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
- rate fixed > 1 and ≤ 3 years		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
- rate fixed > 3 and ≤ 5 years		=	-	-	=	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
- rate fixed > 5 years		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Money market based loans		0,2	=	0,0	0,2	0,6	0,0	0,	6 8	3,1	-	-	9,7
- Non Capped floaters		0,0	-	0,0	0,1	0,5	0,0	0,	6 7	7,6	-	-	8,9
- Capped floaters		0,1	-	0,0	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,	1 (0,5	-	-	0,8
Other		-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Total		0,2		0,0	0,3	0,7	0,0	0,	7 8	3,4	-	-	10,4

Table M7 Lending by loan type - Repayment Loans / Amortizing Loans, DKKbn

	Owner-occupied						Manufacturing and			Social and cu	ltural		
	homes	Holiday hou	ses Subs	idised Housing	Cooperative Housing	Private rental	Manual Industries	Office and Busin	ess Agriculture	purposes	Other	Total	
Index Loans		=	=.	-	=	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Fixed-rate to maturity		0,7	-	0,0	0,2	0,4	0,	0	1,3	3,9	0,0	0,0	6,7
Fixed-rate shorter period than													
maturity (ARM's etc.)		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
- rate fixed ≤ 1 year		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
- rate fixed > 1 and ≤ 3 years		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
- rate fixed > 3 and ≤ 5 years		=	=.	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
- rate fixed > 5 years		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Money market based loans		0,2	-	0,0	0,0	0,2	0,	0	0,4	3,0	0,0	-	3,8
- Non Capped floaters		0,0	-	-	-	0,1	0,	0	0,2	2,3	-	-	2,6
- Capped floaters		0,2	-	0,0	0,0	0,1	-		0,2	0,7	0,0	-	1,2
Other		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Total		0,9	-	0,0	0,3	0,6	0,	1	1,7	6,9	0,0	0,0	10,5

Table M8 Lending by loan type - All loans, DKKbn

	Owner-occupied						Manufacturing and			Social and cultural				
	homes	Holiday hou	ses	Subsidised Housing	Cooperative Housin	g Private rental	Manual Industrie	es	Office and Business Agriculture	purposes	Other	Total		
Index Loans		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	0,0	-	-	0,0	
Fixed-rate to maturity		0,8	-	0,0	0	.3 (,5	0,0	1,4	4,3	0,0	0,0	7,3	
Fixed-rate shorter period than														
maturity (ARM's etc.)		-	-	-	-	-		-	≡	-	-	-	-	
- rate fixed ≤ 1 year		-	-	-	-	-		-	=	-	-	-	-	
 rate fixed > 1 and ≤ 3 years 		-	-	-	-	-		-	=	-	-	-	-	
- rate fixed > 3 and ≤ 5 years		-	-	-	-	-		-	=	-	-	-	-	
- rate fixed > 5 years		-	-	-	-	-		-	≡	-	-	-	-	
Money market based loans		0,4	-	0,0	0	.2 (,8	0,1	1,1	11,0	0,0	-	13,5	
- Non Capped floaters		0,1	-	0,0	0	.1 (,6	0,1	0,8	9,9	-	-	11,5	
- Capped floaters		0,3	-	0,0	0	.1 (,2	0,0	0,3	1,2	0,0	-	2,1	
Other		-	-	-	-	-		-	=	-	-	-	-	
Total		1.1	-	0,1	0	.5 1	,3	0,1	2.4	15,3	0,0	0,0	20,9	

^{*}Interest-only loans at time of compilation. Interest-only is typically limited to a maximum of 10 years

										Reporting dat	te 30-06-20	14	dir k	redi
ble M9 ading by Seasoning, DR	Kbn (Seasoning defined by duration of customer	relationship)								neporting du	30 00 20	.,	011	restore
	Owner-occupied homes Holiday I	nouses Subsi	dised Housing Coo	operative Housing Private rental		Manufacturing and Manual Industries	Office and Business	Agriculture		ocial and cultural urposes	Other		Total	
12 months 12 - ≤ 24 months			-		-		-		-			-		-
12 - 5 24 months 24 - ≤ 36 months														
36 - ≤ 60 months		-	-		-	-	-		-	-		-		-
60 months tal	1,1		0,1	0,5 0,5	1,3	0,1	2,4		15,3 15,3	0,	0.	0,0		20 20
-						-7-			,-		-	-,-		
ole M10	Lending by remaining maturity	y, DKKbn												
	Owner-occupied					Manufacturing and			s	ocial and cultural				
L Years	homes Holiday I	nouses Subsi	dised Housing Coo	perative Housing Private rental	0.0	Manual Industries 0.0	Office and Business	Agriculture	р	urposes	Other		Total	
1 Years 1 - ≤ 3 Years	0,0				0,0	0,0			0,1					0,
3 - ≤ 5 Years	0,0	-	-	0,0	0,0		0,0		0,1					0
5 - ≤ 10 Years 10 - ≤ 20 Years	0,0 0,3		- 0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,2 1,3		0,4	- 0,		0,0		0
10 - ≤ 20 Years 20 Years	0,3 0.8		0,0 0.1	0,0 0.5	0,2	0,1 0.0	1,3 0.9		1,5 13.1	0,		0,0		3 16
tal	1,1		0,1	0,5	1,3	0,1	2,4		15,3	0,		0,0		20
	Owner-occupied homes Holiday I	nouses Subsi	dised Housing Coo	operative Housing Private rental		Manufacturing and Manual Industries	Office and Business	Agriculture	р	ocial and cultural urposes	Other		Total	
e: 90 days NPL ratio de					1,70	Manufacturing and Manual Industries 2,10	Office and Business 2,30	Agriculture			Other	-	Total	1,
ote: 90 days NPL ratio de	homes Holiday I 2.20 -ffined as term payments on loans wi 90 day Non-performing loans.	th arrears of 90 day	s or more, as percei	ntage of total term payments	1,70	Manual Industries 2,10		Agriculture	0,70	urposes -	Other		Total	1,:
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Table X1	
Key Concepts Explanation	General practice in Danish market
Residential versus commercial mortgages	
Description of the difference made between residential/owner occupied and commercial properties	The Danish FSA sets guidelines for the grouping of property in categories. Property type is determined by its primary use.
	Property which primary purpose is owner occupation is characterised as residential. Whereas properties primarily used for commercial purposes are classified as commercial (cf. below).
Describe when you classify a property as commercial? E.g.: Private rental, Manufacturing and Manual Industries, Offices and Business,	The Danish FSA sets guidelines for the grouping of property in categories. Examples of application of which classifies property as commercial are: Office
Agriculture.	· Retail/shop
	 Warehouse Restaurants, inns etc.
	· Hotels and resorts
	· Congress and conference centres
	 Agriculture Forestry
	· Nurseries
NPL (Non-performing loans)	
Describe how you define NPLs	A loan is categorised as non-performing when a borrower neglects a payment failing to pay instalments and / or interests.
	The NPL rate is calculated at different time periods after the original payment date. Standard in Table A is 90 day arrear.
Explain how you distinguish between performing and nonperforming loans in the cover pool?	No distinction made. Asset substitution is not allowed for specialised mortgage banks.
Are NPLs parts of eligible assets in cover pool? Are NPL parts of non eligible assets in cover pool?	Asset substitution i not allowed for specialised mortgage banks, hence NPLs are part of the cover pool.
Are loans in foreclosure procedure part of eligible assets in cover pool?	Asset substitution i not allowed for specialised mortgage banks, hence loans in foreclosure are part of the cover pool.
If NPL and/or loans in foreclosure procedure are part of the covered pool which provisions are made in respect of the value of these loans in the cover pool?	The Danish FSA set rules for loss provisioning. In case of objective evidence of impairment provisioning for loss must be made.

Table X2 Key Concepts Explanation	Issuer specific (N/A for some issuers)
Guaranteed loans (if part of the cover pool)	

How are the loans guaranteed?	DLR Kredit A/S's loans to agricultural properties are covered by a joint guarantee and loss deduction agreement with the loan distributing banks.						
	The loans to urban trade properties, e.g. private rental and cooperative housing properties, and office and business properties, are covered by individual bank guarantees from the loan distributing banks, covering the outermost 25 - 50 % of the fair value of the loan, depending on the property category.						
Please provide details of guarantors	The guarantors are at the same time shareholders of DLR Kredit A/S.						
Loan-to-Value (LTV)							
Describe the method on which your LTV calculation is based	LTV is calculated on each property on a loan-by-loan basis, and takes into account prior-ranking loans at fair values relative						
	to the estimated property value based on the most recent valuation or market value.						
	Fair value of the loan distributed are shown utilising LTV bracket intervals. The intervals become smaller as the percentage approaches par. Table M4a and M4b distribute the loan continuously from the lower LTV bracket to the upper brackets relative to fair value of the collateral, whereas in table M4c and M4d the entire loan is placed in the highest LTV bracket ("marginal distribution"). Example on continuously distribution into LTV brackets for a loan with fair value of 75 per cent This example loan will be distributed with 20 per cent of the value into the lower three brackets; 10 per cent in the fourth						
	bracket and the remaining 5 per cent of the value in the last bracket.						
	Loan-to-value (distributed continuously)						
	0-19.9 20-39.9 40-59.9 60-69.9 70-79.9 80-84.9 85-89.9 90-94.9 95-100 >100						
	20 20 20 10 5 0 0 0 0 0						
	Example on marginal distribution into LTV brackets for a loan with fair value of 75 per cent						
	In this case, the loan will be distributed with 100 per cent into the fifth bracket (70-79.9)						
Frequency of collateral valuation for the purpose of calculating the LTV	For RO-loans, there is no legal requirement of on-going valuation of properties. A property is valuated at the time of loan disbursement, and subsequent valuation can take place in case of re-						
	mortgaging or supplementary mortgaging of the property.						



Table X3 General explanation	
Table A	General practice in Danish market
Total Balance Sheet Assets	Total balance sheet assets as reported in the issuer's interim or annual reports, fair value
Total Customer Loans (fair value)	All mortgage credit loans funded by the issue of covered mortgage bonds or mortgage bonds measured at fair value
Tier 1 Ratio (%)	The tier 1 capital ratio as stipulated in DFSA regulations
Solvency Ratio (%)	The solvency ratio as stipulated in DFSA regulations
Outstanding Covered Bonds (fair value)	The circulating amount of covered bonds (including covered mortgage bonds and mortgage bonds)
Outstanding Senior Unsecured Liabilities	All outstanding senior unsecured liabilities including any intra-group senior unsecured liabilities to finance OC-requirements
Senior Secured Bonds	Senior secured bonds - formerly known as JCB (Section 15)
Guarantees (e.g. provided by states, municipals, banks)	All guarantees backing the granted loans provided by e.g. states, municipalities, or banks
Net loan losses (Net loan losses and net loan loss provisions)	The item taken from the issuer's profit & loss account
Value of acquired properties / ships (temporary possessions, end quarter)	Value as entered in interim and annual reports and as reported to the DFSA; The lower of the carrying amount at the time of classification and the fair value less selling costs.
Total customer loans (market value) Maturity	All mortgage credit loans funded by the issue of covered mortgage bonds or mortgage bonds measured at mark Maturity distribution of all mortgage credit loans
Non-performing loans (See definition in table X1)	Please see NPL definition in table X1
Loan loss provisions (sum of total individual and group wise loss provisions, end of quarter)	All individual and group wise loan loss provisions as stated in the issuer's interim and annual accounts
General explanation Table G1.1	General practice in Danish market
Nominal cover pool (total value)	Sum of nominal value of covered bonds + Senior secured debt + capital. Capital is: Additional tier 1 capital
Transmission or liquidation proceeds to CB holders (for redemption of CBs maturing 0-1	(e.g. hybrid core capital) and Core tier 1 capital Liquidity due to be paid out next day in connection with refinancing
day) Overcollateralisation	Total value of cover pool - nominal value of covered bonds
Senior secured debt	Total nominal value of senior secured debt
Senior unsecured debt Tier 2 capital	Issuers senior unsecured liabilities targeted to finance OC-requirements in cover pool Subordinated debt
Additional tier 1 capital (e.g. hybrid core capital)	Hybrid Tier 1 capital (perpetual debt instruments).
Core tier 1 capital	Equity capital and retained earnings.
General explanation Table G3	General practice in Danish market
General balance principle	The general balance principle does not require a one-to-one balance between the loan and the bonds issued. This gives the credit institution a wider scope for taking liquidity risk than the more strict specific balance
	principle.
Specific balance principle	The specific balance principle ensures a one-to-one balance between loans and bonds issued, and is used for the issuance of SDRO, SDO and RO bonds.
	The specific balance principle de facto implies full cash flow pass through from borrowers to investors. Under
	this principle daily loan origination is continuously tapped into the market, and the individual borrower loan
	rate is determined directly by the bond sales price for the corresponding financing amount of bonds. All borrower payments of interest and principal match the interest and principal payments to investors exactly
	(borrower payments fall due one day prior to the payments to investors). Redemptions take place by
	borrowers' buy back of the financing bond in the market at market price, or (for callable bonds) by calling the bond at par. In the latter case the borrower prepayment match the bond draw down.
	Market risks are thus eliminated under this issuance model (i.e. interest rate risk, prepayment risks, liquidity
	risks and funding risks). Further, asset substitution is not possible under this issuance model.
General explanation	
Table G4 One-to-one balance between terms of granted loans and bonds issued, i.e. daily tap	General practice in Danish market
issuance?	Mortgage banks issue and sell bonds to investors to fund the loans. During the loan terms, borrowers make principal and interest payments to mortgage banks which transfer the amounts to investors. Mortgage banks
	charge a fee margin from the borrower to cover daily operating costs, potential losses, and to make a profit. The margin is a percentage of the outstanding debt which the borrower pays throughout the loan term. The
	margin rate corresponds to the interest margin of a bank but is generally lower. The bond issuance is made on
	a daily basis.
Pass-through cash flow from borrowers to investors?	Yes, the mortgage bank is an intermediary between persons requiring loans for the purchase of real properties
Asset substitution in cover pool allowed?	and investors funding the loans by purchasing bonds. No, (due to Danish legislation) asset substitution is not allowed/possible.
	, /
General explanation Table M1-M5	General practice in the Danish market
Owner-occupied homes	Private owned residentials used by the owner, Max LTV 80 % (legislation). Holiday houses for owners own use or for renting. Max LTV 60 % (legislation).
Holiday houses Subsidised Housing	Residential renting subsidesed by the government. Max LTV 80 %. LTVs above 80 % can be granted against full
SUSTRIAL OF THE STATE OF THE ST	governmental guarantee
Cooperative Housing	Residential property owned and administreted by the coopereative and used by the members of the cooperative. Max LTV 80 % (legislation).
Private rental	Residential property rentes out to private tenants. Max LTV 80 % (legislation).
Manufacturing and Manual Industries Office and Business	Industrial and manufacture buildings and warehouse for own use or for rent. Max LTV 60 % (legislation). Office property and retail buildings for own use or for rent. Max LTV 60 % (legislation).
Agriculture	Property and land for agricultural use. Max LTV 70 % (legislation).
Social and cultural purposes	Property used for education, kindergardens, museum and other buildings for public use. Max LTV 70 % (legislation).
Other	Property, that can not be placed in the categories above. Max LTV 70 % (legislation).
General explanation	General practice in the Danish market
Table M6-M8 Index Loans	These are loans where instalments and outstanding debt are adjusted with the development of an index which
Fixed-rate loans	The long-term – typically 30-year – fixed-rate, callable loan is considered the most traditional mortgage loan.
Adjustable Rate Mortgages Money market based loans	Adjustable-rate mortgages (ARMs) were introduced in 1996 and the main advantage of ARMs is that interest The loan rate changes at generally three or six months. In addition, this loan type differs from ARMs as this
Non Capped floaters	These are loans where the rate changes at generally three or six months. The reference rate of DKK-
	It is possible to get a loan with a floating interest rate which cannot exceed a certain level (cap). In this way,
	the borrower hedges against major interest rate increases. If a loan has a cap of 6%, then the interest rate can
	never be higher than 6%. The loan rate will track Cibor (or Euribor / Cita), as long as it does not exceed 6%. A floating-rate loan may be prepaid in two ways: either at an agreed price – typically 100 or 105 – or the
Capped floaters	borrower may buy the underlying bonds at market price.
Other	Any other loan types, which not comply with the above mentioned.
General explanation	General practice in Danish market
Table M9-10	General practice in Danish market Seasoning defined by duration of customer relationship, calculated from the first disbursement of a mortgage
Seasoning	loan.